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FLOUR
Is the Lead Wherever
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Sold by leading dealers, and by
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GENERAL AGENTS OF THE
Inland Flouring Mills Co.
IS EXCURSIONS.
Passenger and Freight,
THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
C. WHITEHOUSE,
n Juan Lime!
TAYLOR BRAND.
old stock; every barrel fresh from
lln. Renowned for its superior co-
like properties. Before buying else-
call on us for price. Special bids
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San Juan Archipelago Lime Co.
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1862 1883, 1884,
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and you will use it always. Manufactured by
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CURES WITH UNFAILING
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Diseases of the
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Iron and Lead Pipe, House-
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Japanese Novelty Goods
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FAN CLOTHES HORSE
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AGENT
Front, Portland, Or.
WAYNE'S OINTMENT
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SKIN
DISEASES
ALWAYS
Then perhaps you haven't
If this is the case,
Try Kicker Cigars
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SEE THE DELIGHTFUL RESULT.
STABLES

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. 25, NO. 7851 PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY, JULY 10, 1885 PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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GIANT POWDER,
JUDSON POWDER,
CALKIN'S VARNISHES,
COTTON WASTE,
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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Mirrors, Brackets,
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—TO—
172 FIRST STREET,
Between Yamhill and Morrison.
Call and See our New Quarters.
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O. R. & N. Co's Steamer "Gen. Miles"
will make Two Trips Daily
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)
FROM ASTORIA TO ILWACO,
Connecting with the
NARROW GAUGE RAILROAD
FOR SHORT LINE AND NORTHERN PACIFIC POINTS.
COMMENCING JULY 7th,
Steamer WILL LEAVE HOOD RIVER STATION
for Astoria and the Ocean every Tuesday and
Friday. Fare for round trip $5. Accommodations
unsurpassed on the mountain.
President. W. H. HURLBURT, Gen'l Manager.
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A BEVERAGE
COOLING AND
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TRY IT
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CONTAGIOUS
BLOOD DISEASES

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Represented in stock. Special sizes made to order
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103 Front St.
NORTHROP & STURGIS,
PROPRIETORS
Portland Soda Works!
MANUFACTURERS OF THE BEST
Soda Water, Sarsaparilla, Ginger Ale, etc.
No Marble Dust used. No Glucose used for Syrups; closest inspection invited.
Also in stock and delivered free to any part of the city
MEDICINAL AND TABLE WATERS.
Hollis soda, plain and quarts.
WILHOIT, pints and quarts.
HUNYADI, SELTZER, etc
NORTHROP & STURGIS,
83 and 85 Oak st., cor. Fifth Portland Or.
SCROFULOUS
INHERITED
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BLOOD DISEASES

The New Firm.
From July 1st, 1885, the firm of SELLING GRANT & Co. of San Francisco and Portland, Oregon, will consist of the following gentlemen:
ADAM GRANT, San Francisco,
HENRY M. MURPHY, New York
JOSEPH D. FORD, San Francisco,
JOSEPH D. GRANT, San Francisco,
DANIEL T. MURPHY, San Francisco.
CUTICURA REMEDIES have a greater sale and give better satisfaction than any other number of remedies in the market. BOSTON HEALTH Cincinnati, Ohio.
So dy by all druggists. Price CUTICURA 50 cents; SOAP 25 cts; RESOLVENT $1 00. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.
Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases"
BLACKHEADS Pimples Rough, Tanned and Oily Skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.
"KIDNEY PAINS" and that weary sensation ever present with those of kidney's weak backs, overworked or worn out by standing, walking or the sewing machine cured in one day by CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER a new original elegant and speedy antidote to pain and inflammation. At druggists. Price 30c. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. Boston
SEXINE
INVIGORATOR FOR
RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, CATARRH
RHOARSENESS, PILES, SORE
EYES, SORE FEET,
50c., $1.00.
SPECIAL PREPARATIONS OF POND'S EXTRACT ARE PREPARED FOR THE FOLLOWING DISEASES OF THE
POND'S EXTRACT
Toilet Cream $ 00
Dentifrice 50
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Toilet Soap (3 Cakes) 50
Ointment 50
Catarrh Cure 75
Plaster 25
Inhaler (Glass 50c.) 1 00
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Ladies read pages 13, 16, 21 and 26 in our New Book, which accompanies each bottle of our preparation. Sent free on application.
OUR NEW PAMPHLET WITH HISTORY OF OUR PREPARATIONS SENT FREE ON APPLICATION TO
POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK.
Sold by L. BLUMAUER & CO. WOODARD, CLARK & CO. WELCH BROS. and J. A. LOGAN
Apollinaris
"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."
"It has steadily secured increasing popular and professional favour, as a pure and agreeable Table Water"
British Medical Journal, May 31, 1884
ANNUAL SALE, 10 MILLIONS
Of all Wine Merchants, Druggists, & Mineral Water Dealers
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS
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TAYLOR, YOUNG & Co
Portland.
MITCHELL & DEMENT,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
Rooms 1, 2, 3, 4, Ramsby Building,
Northeast corner of First and Pine sts. Portland, Or.
Crossman's Specific Mixture.
With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or hindrance to business. The medicine contains nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 per bottle.
DR. NEWCASTLE, DENTIST.
411 First st.

A DAY OF STORMS.

Great Damage Done East of the Mississippi.

WISCONSIN SUFFERS SEVERELY

Heat Lightning Rain and Wind Combine to Make Life Dangerous and Uncertain—Many Persons Killed

SPARTA, Wis., July 9. A terrible cyclone swept over this place last evening with great destruction to life, houses and farms. Several churches were demolished. Thirteen cars at the St. Paul depot, and one from the track and several locomotives at the Northwestern depot. Trains have been delayed by these accidents. No reports received from the country.

LIST OF DEAD AND INJURED.

To night reports of damage in last night's storm continue to come in, and the fatalities are greater than will not be ascertained for days before all the small towns in the interior will be heard from. The storm appears to have passed entirely across the State diagonally from northwest to southeast. At Sparta, which city appeared to have been the greatest sufferer, the storm raged for over an hour during the greater part of which time the air was filled with falling trees and flying debris. Although no lives are reported lost, many narrow escapes are reported from falling buildings. Along Court street eleven residences have been leveled. Buildings in every locality were blown down, and the residents and others in the streets had a narrow escape. Fully two hundred buildings are masses of ruins. Further reports place the loss will up in the thousands of dollars. No estimate of this kind is made.

At Portage the storm was the most horrible ever seen. A large number of buildings were blown down or unroofed and freight cars were smashed in all directions.

Lodi Wisconsin, in Wood county, had a planing mill store and five dwellings blown out of sight. Lumber was scattered to the winds and the property in ruins.

Grand Rapids, Wis., that 900 tobacco sheds were demolished. Houses, barns and other buildings suffered like fate and considerable live stock was killed.

Seven Catholic churches, a flax mill, residences and barns were destroyed at Appleton.

About Stockton the storm of the great tobacco sheds, houses and barns were demolished and a large number of horses and cattle killed.

From small to two reports of the storm's disastrous effects are received. Fully two estimates of actual loss are made.

Great damage was done by lightning. At White water Fall River, and Ithaca the loss by lightning was particularly severe.

At Dexterville Wood county the loss by wind and lightning will not fall short of $10,000 and at Wilkinville twelve buildings were blown down. Severe. In all, sixteen of the state crops have suffered great injury.

GREAT DAMAGE AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, July 9.—[Inter Ocean.] Chicago special last evening a cyclone and a waterspout of terrific velocity met two live miles south of here and swept along the river, mill and lumber districts. It struck this city with terrible violence and hundreds of persons are wholly or partially rendered homeless. Among the large buildings which are now a heap of ruins is the exposition building, and St. Luke's and St. Peter's churches. Two persons are reported killed and twenty hurt. Many families are homeless, and much property has been destroyed.

STORM IN MINNESOTA.

ST. PAUL, July 9. Special says a terrific wind and rain storm visited the western and southern sections of the state last evening. In some places the storm took the shape of a cyclone destroying much property. Crops suffered most, whole fields being destroyed.

HEAVY RAIN FALL.

OSKALOOSA, Iowa, July 9.—The greatest rain storm for many years raged here yesterday. Over five inches fell in two hours. Streets were washed out and bottoms overflowed. England's new business block was completely wrecked.

ALONG THE ATLANTIC.

Great Damage Done by Wind Rain and Lightning May People Prostrated

NEW YORK, July 9. Dispatches have been received here to night showing that marked meteorological disturbances were felt at different times during the day along the entire Atlantic coast, almost from the mouth of the Delaware to the mouth of the Mississippi. In this city the day was very hot, and the atmosphere close and sticky. Only those who were compelled were out and then many of them fainted by the wayside, or had sunstroke. A number of people were prostrated by heat. The temperature continued to mount until 4:30 o'clock when it marked 96 degrees.

At Bergen Beach, Hampshire, the mercury ranged from 94 to 100 in the shade. Several persons were prostrated.

There was a wind storm at Waterbury Center, Vermont that swept down town and unroofed and blew down many buildings. They are in a critical condition.

At Spuck, New York an excursion barge with 700 Sunday school children on board, had its rope blown adrift and a panic resulted which threatened the most serious results for a time. Several persons attempted a jump overboard.

At Waterbury, Vermont there was a cyclone at 1 P. M. and caused considerable damage. Was done to house and trees. Rain fell in torrents. A part of the town was submerged. Several buildings were blown into the Winooski river.

At Baltimore the temperature was 96 and there was one sunstroke.

At Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, there was a terrific storm accompanied by thunder and lightning. Several persons were more or less seriously shocked by lightning, and in the country crops were damaged by wind and rain.

At Lowell, Massachusetts, there was a storm of rain, wind and thunder. Lightning ran into a tower in which all the telegraph and telephone wires centre, and operated, setting up fire inside. Several other buildings were struck by the lightning. The fire department of the city had a busy time. Some buildings were blown down and others struck by lightning.

At New Orleans, there was a storm in the morning during which a tower of the electric light was struck. Two boys were in it at the time. One was killed and the other badly stunned.

At Scranton and Carbondale Pennsylvania, considerable damage was done by lightning. A tree was blown across the track of the Delaware Lackawanna and Hudson railway and a passenger train ran into it and was wrecked. No one was hurt. A number of dwellings were struck and several persons shocked.

At Burlington Vt. buildings were unroofed trees blown down and much damage done. Lightning struck in many places and several horses were killed.

Dispatches of carry the United States Weather Bureau officials that the storm is central over the Union Pacific railroad in Nebraska and is likely to put a serious check on the progress of the Democracy of Illinois and other states toward the administration. A gentleman who left Omaha on the closest and most comfortable train with Hayes said yesterday that Chevenne was in a state of excitement. Reports of the storm had reached the Northwestern depot. Trains have been delayed by these accidents. No reports received from the country.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR

ATLANTA ROBBERY.

ATLANTA, July 9.—There is during said city excited robbery that has taken place in Atlanta for many years was committed yesterday afternoon in the Federal court room of residence of Mr. Smith in the fashionable suburb of Atlanta. Mr. Smith is in receipt of a good salary and has been in the practice for some time past of entrusting a large portion of his earnings to his wife for safe keeping. Mrs. Smith, it appears, kept the money in a trunk in her room. Yesterday afternoon she went home to dinner and left her husband in the office. When she returned she found that the trunk had been broken open and robbed of its contents. The thief was evidently familiar with the habits of the family, as the robbery occurred at a time when it was known that Mrs. Smith would be absent from the house. The amount stolen is $1,500. Mr. Smith has offered a reward of $500 for the apprehension of the thief, and the police are working up a clue.

CHARLESTON CRIMES.

NEW YORK, July 9. The Herald says: The Republican officers of the Union Pacific railroad in Nebraska are likely to put a serious check on the progress of the Democracy of Illinois and other states toward the administration. A gentleman who left Omaha on the closest and most comfortable train with Hayes said yesterday that Chevenne was in a state of excitement. Reports of the storm had reached the Northwestern depot. Trains have been delayed by these accidents. No reports received from the country.

DEATH OF AN EDITOR.

MEMPHIS, July 9. Col. Wm. Hemphill, a well known journalist, died this morning at his residence in this city. He was in the 70th year of his age. He was the founder of the Memphis Appeal, which he conducted for many years. He was a native of Virginia, and was a member of the Confederate congress.

DEATH OF A CONVICT.

NEW YORK, July 9. Dr. Frederick Peterson, who was convicted of the murder of Mrs. Cornell, and sentenced to be executed on the 17th inst., died in the Tombs prison this morning of consumption.

DEATH OF A CONVICT.

SAN QUENTIN, July 9. Thomas Hayes, who was convicted of murder in the first degree in Los Angeles county, and sentenced to be hanged on the 10th inst., died in the prison hospital this morning of consumption.

EASTERN NEWS ITEMS.

SEN. FOR TELLER'S OPINION.

CHICAGO, July 9. Senator Teller of Colorado who is here at the Grand Pacific for the past twenty-four hours en route from Washington, who is asked if there was a possibility of action being taken by the present session of congress to confirmations, said there would probably be some trouble.

If the president removes officers simply because they are republicans" he said, "and fills them with members of his own party, there will be no complaint and no difficulty, but entanglements are likely to arise where, under the transparent device of offensive partisanship or some cooked up charge, republicans officially appointed will be suspended before the expiration of his commission. I do not think the republican majority in the senate is disposed to be captious but President Cleveland will find himself up against it unless he knows that he is now endeavoring to install those in office who are nothing for civil service reform and wants the offices for party workers. They will make a fight on it and if he does not, he will be in the position to be doing now for the next half of his term.

THE GREAT STRIKE AT CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, July 9. The situation remains unchanged so far as a precautionary arrangements go. Down town are concerned. A check was made in the Central station from the Eighth ward, and that a procession of strikers numbering over 1,000 had left the south end of Broadway and Hamilton streets and were marching toward the city. An hour later a second dispatch was received to send help at once to the screw works corner of Canal and Payne avenue and Lieutenant Rock and forty patrolmen started out. When they reached the city hall the head of the procession was just passing south. The procession was marching in files and orderly and on reaching Public Square turned up toward Superior. Fifteen persons leading the procession all carried clubs but were evidently under the influence of liquor. It was reported that at the Union depot Messrs. Smith's officers and further trouble on the payroll and demand satisfaction. Now I action has been taken by the [illegible] and the [illegible] of nothing is [illegible] upon [illegible]

AN INFERNAL MACHINE.

NEWARK, N. J. July 9.—A mysterious package, labeled "Electric Battery, House of George Kinnel, 207 Broadway, Paterson," has been left at a grocery store in Belleville. It was found to be a clock to which was attached a battery, two coils of wire and a dynamite cartridge. The package was opened by Mr. Kinnel, who was slightly injured. No one else was injured by which to identify the man who left it.

SETTLEMENT OF STEAMSHIP CLAIMS.

NEW YORK, July 9.—A letter signed by officers of the Pacific Mail, United States, and Brazil, Alexander's Royal Mail Clubs and Mexican Mail's New York and Cuba, Morgan's, and Clyde's steamship lines, has been sent to Postmaster General Vilas, informing him that they will give their claim August 1, 40 days whether the will carry out the law of last session, which provides that he shall advertise and contract with

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HENDRICKS COMING TO THE COAST.

NEW YORK, July 9. A Washington special says: Hendricks left here this evening for his home in Indiana. After spending a month there he thinks of taking a trip to the Pacific coast, where he will receive a hearty welcome.

THE DOLPHIN AFFAIR.

WASHINGTON, July 9. Secretary Whitney seems to be quite absorbed over the suspension of the Dolphin trial trips. It is the general impression here that he will after all get worsted in his contest with Roach. To any unprejudiced mind the whole action of Whitney will appear to be a rank side issue, Roach's alleged shortcomings or substances now will be found so credulous a to be less than had Roach been a democrat the whip would not have been accepted after the report of the advisory board.

AN INSANE DEFENSE.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Today Charles Piott a shoemaker entered the house of George Morris and asked Mrs. Morris to return a photograph he had given the family. Mrs. Morris turned to get the picture and she did not hear Piott draw a revolver and shoot her twice the first ball taking effect in her head and the second passing through her left lung. Piott then shot his brains dying instantly. Mrs. Morris is not expected to live through the night. Piott is believed to have been insane.

THE ARIZONA APPOINTMENT.

WASHINGTON, July 9. Wm. Riddle Mead, who was today appointed United States marshal for Arizona, is a resident of Mount Vernon, Ohio. He has served in both branches of the Arizona legislature where he made a good record. At the last national democratic convention he did valiant service in bringing the delegates to the support of Cleveland. His appointment, says an old Arizonian, will give entire satisfaction to the democrats of Arizona.

PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS.

WASHINGTON, July 9. The president today made the following appointments: Wm. Mead of Arizona to be United States marshal for the territory of Arizona. Joseph I. Morrison of Santa Cruz, Cal., to be secretary of the legation in Mexico. Mr. Morrison has resided in Mexico for some time and speaks the language of the country.

NEW ASSISTANT.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The president has selected William B. Mead for appointment as United States marshal for the territory of Arizona, vice [illegible]

DEATH OF MRS. MERRICK.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Mrs. Merrick, wife of Judge T. Merrick died this afternoon.

THE CHOLERA EPIDEMIC.

Consul Mason at Versailles Contributes a Valuable Review of the Disease.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—United States Consul Frank H. Mason at Marseilles, has sent to the department of state a review of practical conclusions concerning native and Asiatic cholera and the best methods of prevention and treatment derived from studies of the epidemics of '84 and preceding years at Marseilles. After sketching briefly the experiences there during nine cholera epidemics since 1834 and describing the various phases of the disease manifested in different cases, such as diarrhea for two or three days, followed by the disease proper again, a sudden attack sometimes with [illegible] he says: "These symptoms, in another neighborhood of these Consul Mason goes on to say, that disease would have never spread or so perplexing, to physicians as it has."

He adds: In the choice of kitchen choleras is most precise and definite. With rare exceptions they belong to one of the four following classes of persons: Those who live under bad hygienic conditions in respect to food, lodging, clothing, those who are imprudent in respect to eating, drinking and exposure, those weakened and debilitated by alcoholic excess and those who suffer from chronic digestive disorders or derangement.

THINGS THAT ARE DANGEROUS.

Among the imprudences which become danger ous in the presence of cholera are over-fatigue, excess of protracted bathing or indigestion drinking any liquid so cold as to check the process of digestion eating raw vegetables in the form of salads, and in the general use of raw fruits and especially fresh and ripe fruit during cole weather. Instructions issued to the public were to avoid all excess, to drink as little as possible between meals, eat beef and mutton and protect the body from sudden chills and see that the food taken was not stale. Daily tepid baths followed by vigorous rubbing was recommended.

Mason says there is nothing more perilous than for persons who have left an infected atmosphere to return to it before the pestilence is completely superseded. He counsels that no person should return to an infected city unless in a condition of good health particularly in respect to all functions of nutrition. We favor possible personnel returning should stop for at least forty eight hours in the suburbs or other locality as near as possible to the last city left.

He says in the case of cholera epidemic diarrhea is a most dangerous and all should be treated accordingly. He also says: As a popular remedy for diarrhea nothing has been found superior to chlorodyne sold by most druggists.

THE AGRICULTURAL CONVENTION

Proceedings of the Second Day's Session—Some of the Resolutions

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The second day's session of the agricultural convention began this morning. The committee on order of business reported resolutions declaring: That the relations of agriculture to meteorology are such as to that the operations of the United States signal service should be fully demonstrated at every agricultural college. To this end the convention heartily endorses the suggestion of the commissioner in his address and requests him to make over to some the experimental stations which offer the best facilities for the establishment of meteorological stations in connection therewith. To co-operate with the department of agriculture in securing such legislation.

After the hours discussion the resolution was unanimously adopted.

The committee then offered the following resolutions:

Whereas, Once the principal objects of this convention is the establishment of closer relations between the department of agriculture, and an intelligent systematically engaged in agriculture pursuit and progress therein.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this convention the first specific measure to secure complete and full fulfillment of the admirable suggestions of the commissioner in the creation of bureaus of chemistry in the department of agriculture which offices shall be the special medium of intercommunication between institutions intended to be represented by this convention and the center of general plan of co-operation.

Resolved, That this convention respectfully recommends to the commissioner as one of the most important functions of the proposed bureau of the compilation and publication of periodical bulletins of general information, and especially such as annual report based thereon. The bulletins should contain, in popular form ready for the people and the press the latest experience and results in the progress of agricultural distribution and experiment, in this and all other countries.

Resolved, That as a necessary part of the intended co-operation, the colleges and experiment stations here represented and all should be treated accordingly. Be also says: As a popular remedy for diarrhea nothing has been found superior to chlorodyne sold by most druggists.

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WASHINGTON.

An Important Order Issued to General Miles.

A VALUABLE PAPER ON CHOLERA

General Mason of Marseilles Contributes Advice Regarding the Prevention and Cure of the Disease News Notes from the Capital

WASHINGTON, July 9.—An important order was sent at the war department today and sent to General Miles, who is to take charge of all the Indian troubles with the Cheyennes. Army officials are reticent as to the exact nature of the orders, but it is understood, however, assert that the order contained instructions to the commanding officer directing him to disarm the Indians. The order is supposed to have considerable quantities of ammunition for some time they have anticipated an attempt by the army to take their arms from them. If the troops undertake to disarm them it is thought the Indians here who have drilled with the Cheyennes that they will resist until overpowered. There are between 1,500 and 2,000 fighting Indians in the reservation.

It was said here today that General Augur has ordered the Indians to disarm, but considered it unadvisable at present.

DEMOCRATIC STATESMEN DISSATISFIED.

WASHINGTON, July 9. There are a score or more democratic statesmen here who have been disappointed in their positions by the course taken by President Cleveland. A prominent democrat said a few days ago: "Days and months ago I told Mr. Cleveland that if he did not break with the party and stand by the people he would be badly demoralized by this position. He is not a democrat as Randall, Bayard, Gorman and Carlisle are democrats. They are content to be satisfied in the belief that the country is ready to crown him leader in the new order of things. He would never be elected to office on a straight party platform according to record that is of such a character as to offend every democrat who opposed him, when he ran for the next. He has never been faithful to those who did the most for him."

THE DOLPHIN AFFAIR.

WASHINGTON, July 9. Secretary Whitney seems to be quite absorbed over the suspension of the Dolphin trial trips. It is the general impression here that he will after all get worsted in his contest with Roach. To any unprejudiced mind the whole action of Whitney will appear to be a rank side issue, Roach's alleged shortcomings or substances now will be found so credulous a to be less than had Roach been a democrat the whip would not have been accepted after the report of the advisory board.

AN INSANE DEFENSE.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Today Charles Piott a shoemaker entered the house of George Morris and asked Mrs. Morris to return a photograph he had given the family. Mrs. Morris turned to get the picture and she did not hear Piott draw a revolver and shoot her twice the first ball taking effect in her head and the second passing through her left lung. Piott then shot his brains dying instantly. Mrs. Morris is not expected to live through the night. Piott is believed to have been insane.

THE ARIZONA APPOINTMENT.

WASHINGTON, July 9. Wm. Riddle Mead, who was today appointed United States marshal for Arizona, is a resident of Mount Vernon, Ohio. He has served in both branches of the Arizona legislature where he made a good record. At the last national democratic convention he did valiant service in bringing the delegates to the support of Cleveland. His appointment, says an old Arizonian, will give entire satisfaction to the democrats of Arizona.

PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS.

WASHINGTON, July 9. The president today made the following appointments: Wm. Mead of Arizona to be United States marshal for the territory of Arizona. Joseph I. Morrison of Santa Cruz, Cal., to be secretary of the legation in Mexico. Mr. Morrison has resided in Mexico for some time and speaks the language of the country.

NEW ASSISTANT.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The president has selected William B. Mead for appointment as United States marshal for the territory of Arizona, vice [illegible]

DEATH OF MRS. MERRICK.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Mrs. Merrick, wife of Judge T. Merrick died this afternoon.

THE CHOLERA EPIDEMIC.

Consul Mason at Versailles Contributes a Valuable Review of the Disease.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—United States Consul Frank H. Mason at Marseilles, has sent to the department of state a review of practical conclusions concerning native and Asiatic cholera and the best methods of prevention and treatment derived from studies of the epidemics of '84 and preceding years at Marseilles. After sketching briefly the experiences there during nine cholera epidemics since 1834 and describing the various phases of the disease manifested in different cases, such as diarrhea for two or three days, followed by the disease proper again, a sudden attack sometimes with [illegible] he says: "These symptoms, in another neighborhood of these Consul Mason goes on to say, that disease would have never spread or so perplexing, to physicians as it has."

He adds: In the choice of kitchen choleras is most precise and definite. With rare exceptions they belong to one of the four following classes of persons: Those who live under bad hygienic conditions in respect to food, lodging, clothing, those who are imprudent in respect to eating, drinking and exposure, those weakened and debilitated by alcoholic excess and those who suffer from chronic digestive disorders or derangement.

THINGS THAT ARE DANGEROUS.

Among the imprudences which become danger ous in the presence of cholera are over-fatigue, excess of protracted bathing or indigestion drinking any liquid so cold as to check the process of digestion eating raw vegetables in the form of salads, and in the general use of raw fruits and especially fresh and ripe fruit during cole weather. Instructions issued to the public were to avoid all excess, to drink as little as possible between meals, eat beef and mutton and protect the body from sudden chills and see that the food taken was not stale. Daily tepid baths followed by vigorous rubbing was recommended.

Mason says there is nothing more perilous than for persons who have left an infected atmosphere to return to it before the pestilence is completely superseded. He counsels that no person should return to an infected city unless in a condition of good health particularly in respect to all functions of nutrition. We favor possible personnel returning. Should stop for at least forty eight hours in the suburbs or other locality as near as possible to the last city left.

He says in the case of cholera epidemic diarrhea is a most dangerous and all should be treated accordingly. He also says: As a popular remedy for diarrhea nothing has been found superior to chlorodyne sold by most druggists.

LONDON'S SENSATION.

Interest in the Revelations Apparently Increasing.

A MAD RUSH FOR THE "GAZETTE."

What the Paper Says of its Opposition—Proceedings in the House of Commons—The Government Presents its Budget.

LONDON, July 9. The *Pall Mall Gazette* on Saturday afternoon and the third installment of its exposures was put forth today. This, it seems to us, is more repulsive than any that has preceded it. Five pages are devoted to details. Every case is so clearly described that the guilty parties could be located within twenty-four hours by a detective of the most ordinary intelligence. Every possible clue is given except the names of principles. The accompanying editorial article today is short but more aggressive than any that has been printed since the exposures were begun. The editor not only defies, but invites prosecution, but he warns the intending prosecutors that many names will necessarily be revealed during the trial of any case brought against him. Some men, he says will be exposed until the last on account of their innocent wives and worthy sons and daughters of whom they were worthy fathers. If such men choose to feed the attack they will be, says he, sheltered behind women whom they know they are unworthy to touch.

Inquiries arrested for selling copies of the *Gazette* were taken before Lord Mayor Fowler and promptly released or remanded under nominal bail. The lord mayor expressed the opinion that the editor of the *Gazette* was actuated by the highest motives and everything was done to assist the police.

The investigation began on May 24 and the work was unremitting to date. The commission had valuable assistance from the Salvation Army from the Lord in committee for supervision of traffic in English girls and from the vast experience of Mrs. Joseph Butler. The commission is accompanied of members of the *Gazette* staff, and acted independently of the police. The commissioners applied to the archbishop of Canterbury the bishop of London and Cardinal Manning for advice, and these great authorities on morals, added the weight of their names to the inquiry. In commission was first all of the information received. Ready help was accorded to the commissioners from Lords Dukes and clergymen. Lessons from the ministers joint protection committee, the white ribbon army, the society for prevention of cruelty to children in the London city mission and the moral reform union. The commission visited all the hospitals homes and refuges where harbor asylees, and the unfortunate females readily gave all the information in their possession. Most of the revelations however were obtained through interviews. Everybody high and low likely to add information desired by the commission from Lord Dunraven to Mrs. Jeffries was interviewed in authority by some member of the commission. Mrs. Jeffries shed a flood of light upon the whole of the subject. The editor says of the [illegible] he was married to [illegible]

THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach Introduces the Budget of the New Government

LONDON, July 9. Lord Mayor Fowler gave notice in the House of Commons this afternoon, of his intention to ask the government if they intended to present a monument to General Gordon in Trafalgar square.

Mr. Albert H. Grey, liberal member from South Northumberland complained that public access to the offices of the *Pall Mall Gazette* was obstructed.

Sir Richard Cross, home secretary, said that it was the duty of the police to keep the streets clear, and to preserve order.

Mr. Chas. Ellis and Lord Randolph Churchill, conservatives for the city of Londonderry Ireland, gave notice of a motion in reference to the speech of the queen on the assembling of the Irish crimes act and the [illegible] of Ireland and rejecting Mr. Parnell's motion for an inquiry into Lord Spencer's executive conduct of the same law.

Sir Michael Hicks Beach, chancellor of the exchequer introduced on behalf of the new government the budget. It retains all of Childers' proposals with a few slight modifications. The present Sir Michael Hicks Beach, as a member of the previous government omitted from his estimates and the government omitted from its estimates an item of the $ 000,000 or [illegible] exceeded $45,000,000 which Mr. Childers had left was limited. The sum remained proposed to issue $30,000,000 bills to cover the deficit of the past and present.

Mr. W. H. Smith secretary for war in replying to Mr. Mac Carthy said the government was unaware of any reward having been offered by the British Empire Club for the head of Osbert Pasha.

The Right Hon. Mr. Shaw Lefevre, late postmaster general announced that the committee of the Albert Arms had decided to open the Albert Arms on Sundays.

The proprietors of the *Pall Mall Gazette* today asked Sir Richard Cross home secretary for protection and the crowds surrounding the publication office.

A STATEMENT.

LONDON, June 10—The chief director of the *Pall Mall Gazette* secret in

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND FRIDAY JULY 10, 1885

THE COURSE OF PARTIES

It cannot be told till congress meets in the winter and gets its work well under way how far the old political situation which has been maintained during so many years is to be modified by the change of parties at the head of the government. The president is balancing very cautiously. He is professing devotion to civil service reform to please the mugwumps, and at the same time is distributing the spoils as rapidly as he thinks it prudent, to satisfy the democrats. When the senate meets there will be a lively discussion over many of his nominations, and it is almost certain that some will be rejected. For example Mr Kelley of Virginia, who has said since since his appointment to a foreign mission that enforcement of the author ity of the government over his state meaning the suppression of the rebellion) was "a gross and bloody violation of public rights," will be likely to have a hard road to travel to secure his confirmation and sundry "offensive partisans" who have done unscrupulous work for the democratic party will probably find themselves obliged to toil and trudge along the same difficult highway. But in general the nominations will be confirmed. In most cases the persons appointed to succeed officials whose terms had expired will be confirmed without question. It is right and necessary to do this. The senate will take no factious or unfriendly position. It may, however, and probably will in not a few cases inquire why the president has put out of office certain persons accused of "offensive partisanship," and put in others solely because they have been equally "offensive partisans" on the other side. Such inquiry will tend to strip the consumed practice of the spoils system of its new and favorite disguise. The republicans of the senate cannot object to the taking of the offices by the democrats, but they may properly object to the manner of taking them, under the mask of "reform."

But there can be no general contention over the offices. The subject is not important enough. The great body of the people will take little interest in it. Among republicans generally there is no objection to the claim of the democrats to the offices. The only point of objection or criticism is that the offices shall not be taken on false pretenses. The democrats are taking them because they regard them, under present circumstances, as the rightful property of democrats. It would be honest to say so, and not attempt to cover the purpose to get them under the pretense of "reforming the public service."

Beyond doubt when congress meets the tariff question will be up again but this session can now, no more than heretofore, be made a line of division between the parties. In the republican party there are some who would have a high tariff in the democratic party there are many who would have nothing but a high tariff. Democratic protectionists will be more numerous in the next congress than in the last. They know that any unfriendliness to protection would cause the overthrow of their party in New York and in the two states, New Jersey and Connecticut, which are carried by New York's influence. Nevertheless the low tariff element is strong and aggressive, and it may push the question to a point where it would seriously embarrass the party. The silver question, too, will come up, with little possibility of agreement among democrats upon it. Since the real responsibility of shaping the policy of the country is now to rest upon the democratic party, the development of that policy through the action of the house and of the president will be looked for with much interest by the people of all parties.

AN INVITATION

Mr George H Ellers of Polk county comments to THE OREGONIAN of yesterday a letter on the remarks of Hon L S Coffin of the Iowa party, pointing out certain differences between the Willamette valley and Iowa, and taking ground that Mr Coffin's suggestions are impracticable. When a farmer so well informed and successful as Mr Ellers speaks of farming matters it is worth while to give him attention. His experiences, unquestionably are honestly stated, but we believe that they are not common throughout the Willamette valley. THE OREGONIAN has in this connection no "cause to maintain. It has urged our farmers to vary their labor and products because it believes that there would be more profit to them and to the country from a diversified production than from the present almost exclusive business of wheat raising, but if we are wrong we want to know it. A general comparison of ideas and results ought to be a benefit and it certainly would be a matter of interest to farmers and others. THE OREGONIAN invites correspondence in this general subject from practical farmers everywhere, and if it is desired we propose a further discussion of it by Mr Coffin and others, from the Iowa standpoint. Will the farmers of the country come to the front with their experiences and suggestions?

The twelfth national conference of charities and correction was in session in Washington a whole week, in June. It is not an association of cranks, or impractical theorists, as some people imagine. The papers and debates frequently exhibited a rare and connection between conservatism and progress. The most radical views that were advanced were suggested rather than urged, and some of the views which were put forth ten years ago when these conferences began are now applauded and being put into practice, believing, that the people of the Pacific coast can be benefited in the long run will have to pay for the difference, we shall lay before our readers some extracts from the notes and reports of our commissioner to the conference who was the only one that appeared from the Pacific coast. We are impelled to do this after having seen the exceedingly brief and detached notices which were conveyed to us by telegraph. And we would call attention to the speech of Dr Lindsley which will be found in another column, which gives an intelligent resume of the aims of the conference and the subjects introduced.

It is said a large part of the Wabash railroad system of lines in Chicago will be operated by the strikers, are $7000 a day, and that the whole expenses including men, horses cars, feed, taxes, repairs and betterments are but $4700 leaving a net profit of $2300 a day. A company having such a business ought to be just at least, toward its employes. It makes $840,000 a year net on property that could be fully duplicated for $2,000,000.

The New York *Post* says that the principle of its selection for collector to succeed Mr Arthur is not the best possible, but we are confident that he has had good reasons for making it. The president's good reasons consist of the practical political necessity of corralling all the democratic forces of New York for the coming state election. New York is the first great battlefield of the administration and it is evident that Mr. Cleveland is preparing for it.

Portland's bogus journal does not by words indicate the integrity of its so-called dispatches, but tries to content itself with expressions of dissatisfaction at the manner in which THE OREGONIAN is conducted. Now THE OREGONIAN is not conducted with the expectation of pleasing bogus journalism. If it were, it would soon be of no more account and have no more respect than the bogus journal itself.

A St Paul dispatch says that the wages of the hotel waiters in that city have been raised from $15 to $20 per month. The Metropolitan hotel, the leading hotel, has refused to do so, claiming that it will not pay expenses. The Astoria has also given a straight $20. Ryan is cutting rates so that it is impossible to compete with it.

The proposition to disarm the Apaches is amusing. "Catching comes before hanging."

IMPROVEMENTS SUGGESTED.

Candor and kindness require us to inform the bogus journal that in the publication of news it is lagging unnecessarily far behind. The following illustrates one of its performances of yesterday:

Port and News July 8	Oregonian July 9
WASHINGTON July 8 —Our commerce with this country has dwindled from its old level down to almost nothing in comparison with its former magnitude. The causes of this decrease are too numerous to mention.	WASHINGTON July 9 —Our commerce with this country has dwindled from its old level down to almost nothing in comparison with its former magnitude. Commerce with what country? Really this is quite too clumsy and slovenly a job. The following, however, is more artistic.
Portland News July 8 Chicago Herald July 7 NEW HAVEN Conn July 7 A parasite which threatens to prove the most destructive to the young oysters in structure to the young oysters has been discovered in Long Island sound. This parasite which destroys the young oysters is very small, and has been discovered in the shell which builds on its self a tall insect which destroys the young oysters. The top of the seed oysters it builds on top of the seed oysters and grows entirely over them, and stunts the growth of the young oysters. It is very destructive to the young oysters. It is very destructive to the young oysters.	

The bogus journal might have had it a week earlier. And if it had judiciously handled the report, of which the above is only a short extract, it would not have started the paragraph so abruptly. Look at it: "Washington, July —Our commerce with this country has dwindled down almost to nothing in comparison with its former magnitude." Commerce with what country? Really this is quite too clumsy and slovenly a job. The following, however, is more artistic.

Portland News July 8 Chicago Herald July 7 NEW HAVEN Conn July 7 A parasite which threatens to prove the most destructive to the young oysters in structure to the young oysters has been discovered in Long Island sound. This parasite which destroys the young oysters is very small, and has been discovered in the shell which builds on its self a tall insect which destroys the young oysters. The top of the seed oysters it builds on top of the seed oysters and grows entirely over them, and stunts the growth of the young oysters. It is very destructive to the young oysters. It is very destructive to the young oysters.

ION AND COMMISSION.
MAN O. M. STEVENS.
GILMAN & CO.
and Commission Merchants,
Street, cor. First and Ash.
LLES of Coal, Grain, Furniture, Spices
Green, Cattle Buggies, &c. Regular sale
s & Fridays at 10 o'clock A. M.
AR AUCTION SALE
OF
HOLD FURNITURE
[illegible]
AY, JULY 17, at 10 A. M.
is to Warehouse
[illegible]
ur Warehouse, 51 Sheller Street,
[illegible]
GILMAN & CO. Auctioneers.

" water, "Bull Run"
, or "Crystal Spring"
water?
kes no Difference.
BIRMINGHAM,
nd 246 First street,
LL CONTINUE TO SUPPLY
E, BEDDING, WALL PAPER, ETC
ES which compel all competitors
Take Water!"

AMUSEMENTS.
MARKET THEATRE.
ROAT, Lessee and Manager
agement, Saturday July 11th,
TINEE AND EVENING.
ent take pleasure in announcing he re-
ce of the British Child Actress
AINTY, GREAT PLAY,
OUNTAIN PINK!
PERFORMANCES ONLY
PRICES AS USUAL
ow on sale at Pi[illegible] Music Store.
NO OPERA HOUSE.
Unwritary Benefit tendered to Treasurer,
R. GOLDSTEIN.
FRIDAY JULY 10th.
ion in this city by [illegible] composer of
and Recorello, the [illegible] operatic
LOVELY GALATEA.
[illegible] Galatea, the [illegible]
[illegible] Galatea, the Statue
[illegible] Galatea, the Statue
[illegible] Galatea, the Statue

OUR RURAL.

THE RAIN—Up to yesterday morning very warm weather ruled. Since that time the skies have been clouded with some appearance of rain. A light rain fell at Lilparia this morning. Crops have advanced greatly under a warm sun and cutting is reported in all directions with some threshing in the eastern section.

There is now listed to arrive at this port eight vessels. Of this number one loads for New York—one loads salmon and two are probably taken for wheat loading. At this time last year 23 993 tons were listed, and in 1883 the figure was 58 969. In 1883-84 we required tonnage to the amount of 91 680 tons to carry 159 1 3 short tons wheat and flour. To move the coming crop from 128 to 142 vessels would be required presuming there is to be 2 000 000 to 250,000 tons to ship. With only eight listed there remains a very large amount to attract. Exporters tell us they know of none coming other than is listed but that a considerable quantity could be brought from Australia if this market afforded a remunerative rate for coal. Since this is listed vessels must either come in ballast direct at a rate high enough to cover ballast expenses or come via San Francisco in ballast after discharging inward cargo there. Owners claim the rate over San Francisco rates does not pay them to come up in ballast. A glance at the tonnage listed for San Francisco and in port shows that of the latter but five of the sixty-one arrived in ballast and of those on the way less than that proportion comes from ballast ports. Just now the Oregon list is all from coal ports but this is an unusual occurrence. It is easy to see to what extent this ballast bring its equivalent rates out of this port. Port charges are not such as to warrant ships in demanding 10 to 15 shillings over San Francisco rates, but the cost of getting wheat to San Francisco renders this demand possible. As a rule shippers have taken freely during the summer months of tonnage arrive. The present is a notable exception for well understood reasons and the exception is not singular to this port for San Francisco shippers have done practically nothing in this way. Wheat will soon begin to move here and sellers will want money for it. There being a promised scarcity of tonnage, at least for early loading it must go to San Francisco. The rate by steamer is 8 50 per ton which with cart age charges equals about 9c per cental. Wheat is quoted $1 40@1 42½ per cental there. Walla Walla grades ought to bring the inside figure which would net about $1 20. Here profits of handling not considered. The transportation company now run steamers at intervals of four days. This should permit shipments of about 10 000 tons of grain per month if the business proves profitable. An opposition steamer is promised and more coasters are now running. These must have freight both ways for if rates are to be cut the profits of transportation are little or nothing. The Oregon Railway and Navigation Company is in a position to retain the cream of the business as they will be able to give a low through rate in the event of healthy competition. For the benefit of the port it is hoped that direct shipments may be made foreign. Ships are profitable visitors and local exporters are then enabled to secure any profit which by shipping to San Francisco others would get. Just now the whole situation is one of wait. It is very probable that tonnage will be drawn here later on. In the meantime little will probably be done other than send us a limited quantity of grain to San Francisco. The tonnage problem will doubtless work itself out in time but before it does the port as well as grain sellers must be satisfied with less money. Of late the California export business has dwindled to small proportions, the unsatisfactory condition of the markets abroad, high demands of home sellers and a fairly firm freight market, in spite of a large open list giving exporters no opportunity for business. On Monday of this week eleven vessels were in loading, berth two of them on owner's account and one laid on. One other is waiting new crop. The open spot list was 80,461 tons against 131,776 tons one year ago and the en route list 189 067 against 238,457 one year ago. The state will have somewhere near a million short tons to ship including the hold over quantity. There will be no scarcity of tonnage in the first half of this year. Last rates paid for iron vessels of for coppered and wet ones that or very little more money would secure new supplies. The last rate paid here was 47s 6d for the same voyage. This is more than the usual variation but was rendered possible by existing circumstances. What rates in the near future are to be is not at all clear. Much depends upon the course of the market at San Francisco.

Overland receipts include 800 cs coal oil 700 cs turpentine, 201 pkgs tobacco 6 cs cigars cs cigar 6 tes 16 cs syrup 2 cs maple do 4 cs mustard.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Last 4 hours 1000 ctls wheat 315 bbls flour 22-3 ctls oats 203 ctls bran 203 ctls millstuff 21 sks potatoes, 8 804 lbs wool 12 lbs hides 113 cs eggs 15 pkgs butter. Also 10,078 ctls wheat 1 640 bbls flour 121 ctls oats 15 ctls barley 4078 lbs wool 100 lbs hides from the eastern section.

FREIGHTS—Per steamer to Liverpool for San Francisco 48s ctls wheat 8 cts barley 6 cts oats 40 cts lb wool 40 sks bran 104 sks shorts 400 qr sks flour 1 qr sk do 2 do 3 do 1 pkg bulk hides 5 do do skins 1 sk tallow 1 do sheepskins in bbls do skins 500 bbls beef 15 cs cassimeres 3 cs flannels 1 cs cider 8 cs eggs 10 cs bbls pkgs butter 4 cs pkgs 7 bulls oak beef pole 161 bulls hazel do 1000 bdls lath 25 cook stoves $14 10 measure.

FREIGHTS—The Haddingtonshire sailed with flour and salmon. The Archer completed her cargo and the Elma wheat cargo in the week. The Narvon Castle going to Astoria for salmon. The Kitty is awaiting new wheat and the Haidee is just beginning to come in lay days. There being no arrivals the open spot list remains nil. In fact as nothing is reported and the whole situation remains stagnant except as to loading.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

VESSELS IN PORT AND RIVER.

Br bk Archer 765 Bulsha d with flour Sibson, Church & Co.

Br bk Haidee 758 to load grain etc Sibson Church & Co.

Br bk Kitty 836 to load new crop wheat Corbett & Co.

Br bk Earnarvon Castle 729 from loading, for Liverpool Balfour Guthrie & Co.

Bk California, 875 tons Wilde, for L. Hawkins.

TONNAGE ON THE WAY IN.

Vessels on the way to Columbia river and where from with sailing date. If known, and registered tonnage.

Feb 25—German Militar 338 Liverpool—via Victoria.

April 26—Br sh Crisedale 1222, Liverpool.

April 1 Sch Olive S. Southard 1133, New York.

May 1—Br sh Alcomo 670 Furnitsland.

" Br sh Wm H Besse 1077, Tacoma.

" Barque Bernard 810 Honolulu.

" Br bk Dunfermline 1078, Hong Kong.

" Br bk Isabel Hook 760 Shields.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO—Left July 8—Am sch John Bright Nanaimo; str C. W. Fider, Puget Sound; Br bk Hindoo, Honolulu; sch Otago, Port Blakeley; bark North Bend, Craig; barque Sir Trustee, Shoalwater bay; British sh Hochlin Glen, Cowichan; bark Geo Roberts, Fort Blakeley.

Sailed—Str Oregon, Portland; str San Pablo, Bunker, Nanaimo; str Geo Hall, Gan Mac Harbor; Cork, Bahn Tam O'Shanter, Columbia river; schr Catania, Cosby.

COOS HARBOR, July 6—4 M. Hazy wind south; velocity 9 miles; barometer 30.

ASTORIA, July 7—Str Columbia arrived down 10 A. M.; left to tow ard 5 P. M. Unchanged and left Tongue at Sand Island.

FOREIGN PORTS.

QUEENSTOWN—Arrived July 7—Ger sh Hermann, from Portland.

NOTES FROM UNION.

UNION, Or., July 7.—[Regular correspondence.] Farmers are putting up their hay crop in good shape and prospect for large yield all around. Crops look fine.

Lumber for Slate received at the city on Tuesday. The C. P. N. Co. expect all the Union depot lumber to arrive by Saturday.

Shipments of wheat from Baker City have been light for the past week, owing to the scarcity of cars.

The Southern Crop Outlook.

Atlanta Constitution.

It appears that the Southern soil has been flooded with the smallest seed ever known. All farming supplies and implements are very low priced. We agree with the Times-Democrat that the best ugricultural year the south has ever known.

"Blood will Tell."

Yes the old adage is right but if the blood is corrupt and the blood becomes thereby corrupt the bad blood will tell it diseases of the skin in the form of tumors and ulcers and internal hemorrhages in the lungs, first stages of consumption; even although the subject be descended in a straight line from Richard Coeur de Lion or the noblest Roman of them all. For setting the liver to order no other medicine in the world equals Dr Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." Try it, and your "blood will tell" the story of its wonderful efficacy.

Agreeable to Take.

No medicine is so agreeable to take as Hunley's Celery Beef and Iron; it tones the stomach, is easy to operate upon and strong.

ASSOCIATED PRESS MARKETS.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Government bonds firm and strong. Stocks have been decidedly irregular, dealing especially during the forenoon. The activity was accompanied by a decided advance in prices. The market opened strong, and with the exception of a slight reaction in some stock continued strong until nearly 1 o'clock when the highest prices of the day were made, which were generally from ½ to 1½ per cent above closing figures last evening. Pacific Mail was weakest, giving up 1½. In the afternoon the market became quiet, slowly declining, in many cases all the early advances being lost.

The Wall Street Express says: But little improvement is noted in mining shares. Among the trades sold were Consolidated California & Virginia 8 @ 6 Horn Silver 8 @ 10 Oriental and Miller 11 Alpha 5 California and Virginia 8½ @ 9 Grand Prize 5 @ 10 Lacrosse 10.

MONEY, LOANS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Money easy at 1. Prime paper 4@6. Foreign exchange quiet and unchanged.

BONDS.

2s	100	4½s	120½
4s	112½	Pacific 6s	122

STOCKS.

American Express	94	Northwestern	88½
Canadian Pacific	41	N. Y. Central	8½
Canada Southern	50½	Oregon Navigation	3
Central Pacific	30	Trans-continental	13
Burlington	2	Or. Imp.	2
Lackawanna	84½	Pacific Mail	34½
D. & R. G.	4½	Panama	98
Erie	16½	Rock Island	103½
Kansas & Texas	18½	St. Paul	73½
Lake Shore	97½	Texas Pacific	11½
Louisville & Nash	43	Union Pacific	51½
Mich. Central	84½	United States Express	51½
Northern Pacific	17	Fargo	108
N. P. preferred	39½	Western Union	61½

Petroleum steady. Untrade d and nominal.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

CLOSING.

Pacific Mail	34½	N. Y. Central	84½
Western Union	61½	N. J. Preferred	104
North western	93½	Transcontinental	13½
Lake Shore	88½	Union Pacific	51½

CLOSED.

Pacific Mail	34	N. Y. Preferred	103½
Western Union	61½	Transcontinental	13½
North Eastern	93½	O. R. & N. Stock	85
N. Y. Central	84½	Union Pacific	51½
N. Y. Common	1½		

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Wheat lower 80 cash; August 80½; September. Corn irregular 43½ cash; August; September. Oats easier 30½ cash; July 27½; August 25; September 25½. Rye dull at 57. Barley nominal. Flax steady at 97. Lard steady 6 70 August. Boxed meats steady; dry salted shoulders 5 70@5 80; short ribs sides 7 20@7 30; short clears 8 05@8 10. Whiskey firm at $1 10.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Cattle—Receipts 6000 steady; grassers weak. Shipping steers $4 60@5 15; stockers and feeders $2 10@3 40; through Texas cattle $2 75@3 40.

Hogs—Receipts 18 000 firm; rough and mixed $3 80@4; packing and shipping $4@4 12½; light $4@4 10.

Sheep—Receipts 1 000 steady; natives $3 @4 25; Texans $2@3 40.

LIVERPOOL CHAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, July 9.—Wheat quiet and steady.

Markets by Telegraph.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—Receipts—Wheat 700 ctls flour 8700 ½ sks, barley 225 ctls oats 50 ctls, potatoes, 1100 sks.

Freights—Nothing doing.

Wheat—Spot, buyers and sellers apart. There is a moderate demand for export but holders refuse to make concessions. Business could be done at $1 40 but sellers hold for higher prices. Quote No. 1 shipping nominal at $1 40@1 42½. Some brokers ask $1 43. 800 sks new crop reported sold at $1 41½. 430 sks damaged Oregon brought $1 32½. Futures buyer the season $1 43½; bid buyer 188, del $1 42½@1 43.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—Wheat closed quiet and steady. Season 1 buyer 188.

Barley—Spot market quiet at $1 10@1 12½; futures buyer season do $1 1 bid buyer 1885 active at higher prices selling from $1 2 4 to $1 4.

Barley closed lower 1 4 bid asked.

Oats—Dull and no general tendency of the market is downward. Quote $1 15@2 20 for Oregon. 2 cars reported sold at $1 5.

Potatoes—Steady at 60@ 0c.

Hay—Weak at 10@1 0.

Wool—Dull but not quoted this lower.

Hops—Depressed. 150 bales reported at 10@0 c.

Provisions—Quiet at 12@13.

Butter—Dull.

Eggs—Quiet.

Salmon—Quiet but steady.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Wheat opened a fraction higher 80 @ July, 81 @ August, $1 @ September, $1 04½ October; weaker at noon 80 @ July, $1 @ August, $1 02½ September, $1 04½ October.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Wheat closed lower 8 @ July 100 @ August 102 @ September 104½ October.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Wheat opening firm 80 @ August 1 @ September 1 @ October weaker at noon 80 @ July, 88 @ August, 91 @ September, 96 @ October. Corn low 37 @ August. Last sales 37 @ August, 38½ buyer 30 @ August. Short ribs steady, $7 4 cash.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Wheat closed lower 8 @ July 88 @ August 90 @ September 97 @ October.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 9.—Spot wheat—Nominal. Quantities on passage—To the continent while 160 000 qrs to United Kingdom for ports of call and direct ports wheat and flour 2 350,000 qrs.

The excess of in stocks of wheat and flour in the United Kingdom is computed at only 100 000 qrs over this time last year.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, July 9.—Floating cargoes—Quiet but steady.

Cargoes of passage and for shipment—Steady. California cargoes off coast—Dull.

MONEY MARKET.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—Sterling exchange on London bankers 60 days 84 84@84 84½; sight 84 87½@84 88. Transfers 20.

Bank of England rate of interest 2 per cent.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Silver bullion 1009 fine, per long ounce, 100¾.

Sterling exchange, prime banks long 84 85; short 84 86.

Good commercial from 1 to 4c lower; documents 2 to 15c lower.

U. S. Bonds—4s 126½; 4½s 110¾, 4s 125.

LONDON, July 9.—Silver bullion, English standard 50 2 fine per fine ounce 49¾.

Consols, Peels money.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

VESSELS IN PORT AND RIVER.

Br bk Archer 765 Bulsha d with flour Sibson, Church & Co.

Br bk Haidee 758 to load grain etc Sibson Church & Co.

Br bk Kitty 836 to load new crop wheat Corbett & Co.

Br bk Carnarvon Castle 729 from loading, for Liverpool Balfour Guthrie & Co.

Bk California, 875 tons Wilde, for L. Hawkins.

TONNAGE ON THE WAY IN.

Vessels on the way to Columbia river and where from with sailing date. If known, and registered tonnage.

Feb 25—German Militar 338 Liverpool—via Victoria.

April 26—Br sh Crisedale 1222, Liverpool.

April 1 Sch Olive S. Southard 1133, New York.

May 1—Br sh Alcomo 670 Furnitsland.

" Br sh Wm H Besse 1077, Tacoma.

" Barque Bernard 810 Honolulu.

" Br bk Dunfermline 1078, Hong Kong.

" Br bk Isabel Hook 760 Shields.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO—Left July 8—Am sch John Bright Nanaimo; str C. W. Fider, Puget Sound; Br bk Hindoo, Honolulu; sch Otago, Port Blakeley; bark North Bend, Craig; barque Sir Trustee, Shoalwater bay; British sh Hochlin Glen, Cowichan; bark Geo Roberts, Fort Blakeley.

Sailed—Str Oregon, Portland; str San Pablo, Bunker, Nanaimo; str Geo Hall, Gan Mac Harbor; Cork, Bahn Tam O'Shanter, Columbia river; schr Catania, Cosby.

COOS HARBOR, July 6—4 M. Hazy wind south; velocity 9 miles; barometer 30.

ASTORIA, July 7—Str Columbia arrived down 10 A. M.; left to tow ard 5 P. M. Unchanged and left Tongue at Sand Island.

FOREIGN PORTS.

QUEENSTOWN—Arrived July 7—Ger sh Hermann, from Portland.

DR. LINDSLEY'S SPEECH

At the Twelfth National Convention on Charities and Correction, Held at Washington City.

There was no representative from California. The name of Oregon being called, Dr Lindsley answered.

Mr President: The Pacific coast takes this opportunity to greet one to the Atlantic coast of welcome. Your welcome is very brief and comprehensive. It is not mail or wall nor mountain nor desert. It is as fragrant as the breath of our own boundless forests. We enter this conference with high hopes of its usefulness. The whole country needs its influence on the one hand as a salutary check upon the exaggerations of crude opinions which are everywhere prevalent, and on the other, as a spur to progress in the right direction. We are making progress in the discussion of such subjects as pain in discipline, correct labor, the intellectual and moral qualities of prisoners, the character of prisons, and the combination of sentiments which shall combine the odious features of crime, and the reformation of the criminal.

These are subjects which engage the minds of the thoughtful and benevolent. The classification of the new is also receiving attention on the whole coast. There exists the courage of putting witnesses in jail that they may be ready when wanted. The same is true of accused persons committed for trial who may be innocent. It is very hard for money or friends they can go out on bail but if they are poor or strangers the charter liberty of American citizens is slain on the threshold of the temple of justice.

On the subject of juvenile delinquency we are not idle. In Oregon we have an excellent law for a reform school, and a gentleman of Portland, Hon. Wm S. Ladd, tendered a liberal endowment of lands and buildings but this was rejected by grewsome doubts of the competency of the system known as the reform school. We come here for information based on approved and comprehensive experience. In the meantime we are caring for servant girl's helpless children in asylums and free kindergarten. Homes for the friendless open hospitable doors for the relief of adults as well as helpless little ones. A delegate from these institutions is a remembrance of this conference.

At this time, while this convention is in session, we are organizing a Children's Aid Society, over which we hope to place Governor Moody as president. Under a state law we take the young vagrants and criminals and find homes for them in the country where they will be taught to be moral and industrious, and take a respectable place in society.

Under state control we have asylums for the insane for deaf mutes, for the blind. We have also an industrial school for Indian youth of which, which is as successful as any can be. And different religious societies are carrying on evening schools and Sunday schools for the Chinese.

On the general subject of charities we report that there are many intelligent and philanthropic people on the Pacific coast, and they have accomplished much for the relief of the erring and the unfortunate. But we lack the moral power of associated effort. Over the broad area of states and territories we have no visible bond of union.

Much ignorance prevails on the whole subject of charities. While men wait and ruminate, blessed women act! They stir up the recumbent oxen and put on them the yoke of charity, and work in the mode of mercy that makes the milk of human kindness flow. The whole coast is indebted for this voluntary charitable to influence to the ministry of women.

In closing it is report I make a few remarks which are within the purview of my commission to this conference.

We want the inspiration of this convention's presence on the Pacific coast. We are waiting the wise words spoken here to be uttered in our hearing.

We are waiting for the practical illustration of sound theories and philosophic views which obtain here. They voice thoughts which are not strangers, and express in diffused phrase sentiments and suggestions which have found utterance among us. It shows that the supreme mind is leading us to the same considerations, and making our aims one, may the same union and unity crown our measures and conclusions.

I am not commissioned to speak for each officer, but know many of her prominent men noted for self benevolence. Governor Perkins of California is president of the Children's Aid society and takes great interest in its progress and management.

I can assure you of a welcome as cordial and as cosmopolitan as you are receiving here, whenever you meet in California or Oregon. Our wales we shall be as genuine as the virgin gold in our mountains, we bread as the Pacific sea.

And our facile railways, on which it is a luxury to travel, will take you on its wings like an eagle, and treat you with princely liberality and we will show you a land worthy of the wisest consideration of your benevolent labors.

THE HOTELS

INTERNATIONAL.

J Dorsey Boston Mass H Beers Portland
J Calkins Mt Dallas J O Steven Suhidan
J L Alkens do W O Dell Spokane
W A Rasell do Miss O Dell do
S Johnson W W do Mrs O Dell do
J Johnson Mt Dallas H Abern the Tron
A Clark do E T Wilcox Dallas
J A Chapman Hillsboro Mrs A Chapman do
A J Doyle Ohio Chas Carson Woodburn
M Pentz Missouri W C Calder Iowa
C Coulter do H Bingh The Dalles
Mrs Coulter do S M Blanchard do
H Fenfro do J Graham Astoria
T H Averson The Dalles J Doyle Astoria
J Johnson do R Black do
A Fisher Portland S Wing do
Mrs Peters do H F Smith Salem
Miss J L Knight Astoria M Nelson do
Wm Griffin Tacoma J Moore Tacoma

ST. CHARLES.

H Maxwell Gr Rapids H M Chase, Walla Walla
W A Preston do W T Anthony, New York
H A Jess Forest H Miss D Dimas Milton
P W Magee Missouri Mrs F Simmons do
C Peterson I Mrs P S Knight Salem
C W Cummings Iowa W J Herren do
H H Burbank Walla Walla A Victoria
F Young Olympia A Anderson do
Mrs Simmons do W Fraser do
C Wood Vancouver T L Thomas Salem City
L Alberts Dallas Jerome R Jones Canada
J Weiss Colorado R Jones Portland
L Earle do A Morris do
W C Hamilton N Y W H Rodgers N Y
C City Loudon C Baker do
C Hamilton do W Myers Eugene

GRAND.

S Coy Oregon H B Linnel, St Paul
R Reynolds do I T Barnard do
J Bryson do H A Maxwell, do
Miss Shields, Spring W A Churchill do
T Gibson Indiana I Smith, Halsey
E Hudson Colorado E M Cullin, Pleasant Hill
Mrs E Hudson do Mrs W H McClure Colfax
H M Hilton Chehalis town H H Reed Lindsdon
Mrs Thomas Tacoma I I Macauley Ft Bur
A Meyer do S Hailey Eugene City
A W Ely do I James do
T Wilson College T W James do
C H Jones do A McMurphy Salem
H St Bowers do W H Williams do

CENTRAL.

A May Cincinnati C Scott Albany
J Dodge do A Johnson Wisconsin
W Weeks Lexington H Walton do
W Chambers do G A Lyman, do
Miss M Curtis do P Walker, do
J B Emery do C E Burton S F
T Kumm Portland I Hughes, Eugene City
T J Hardesty Salem C McMillan Sumpter
O M Hostetler Freeport D Hennessee Sauvies Is
J W Gilmore Albany I S Longfellow, Sprague
O A Crosby S H Dunton Dallas
C W Wood Lewiston

OCCIDENTAL.

Jn Gordon Yamhill N H A Wadsworth S F
J Smith Dayton I P Hall
J Ward Harvest I Sage Scio
S Mallory Smith I Mattern Oswego
J Rea Yamhill H Hall Brooklyn
C Myers San Francisco H Cornell Chicago
H Hall Hoskins R Brunster Eugene
I Wolfe do H Hartstock St Louis
T H Hoss Falls J Hartstock do
J Jones Portland Mrs Thomas Albany
Mrs Jones do Mrs Mahoney do
T Hall Portland Mrs Warkwith do
J N Dunn Marsh Creek W Mc Gee, Cedar Hill
J H Wait Minnesota H Mc Gee do
J Hall Minnesota Miss M Mc Gee do
J Hall Portland Mrs Warkwith do
J N Cardwell do

BURTON.

J H Cannell Lorn S T Bryant Ills
M S Lesmon Spokane C Blackford Hall
M S Hall Chicago C Hoy N Y
B G Hendricks Portland J Richmond do
Dr J H Bigley Newport Scherzer do
W F Hoke & Co Cradle Mountain do
J Cornwall Salem W H Hall Salem
D H Lewis Independence Mrs T W Bennett Sprout

PACIFIC COAST.

CALIFORNIA.

THE MENACE S DEBT.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8.—A. K. Cole, Mc... secretary of the City Hall Investment Company, has been arrested on a charge of embezzlement. The alleged embezzlement is said to amount to $5,000. Cole is reported to be wealthy and the arrest has created a sensation in financial circles.

The Call says: Sentiment on the matter there is said to be prevalent in the Central Pacific Railroad offices against selling any of the Southern Pacific stock at present prices, and it is reported that the directors will positively refuse to sell any of the stock at the present quotations.

SALE OF THE A. V. R. R.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8.—The Alameda County Bank has filed a suit against the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Company, the Central Pacific Railroad Company, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, the Western Pacific Railroad Company, the Oakland, Alameda & Encinal Terminal Railway Company, the Alameda & San Leandro Railroad Company, the Alameda & San Antonio Railroad Company, the Oakland & Antioch Railroad Company, the Central Railroad Company of California, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of California, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Arizona, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of New Mexico, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Texas, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Louisiana, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Mississippi, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Alabama, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Florida, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Georgia, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of South Carolina, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of North Carolina, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Virginia, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Tennessee, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Kentucky, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Missouri, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Kansas, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Indiana, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Illinois, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Iowa, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Nebraska, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Colorado, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Utah, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Nevada, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Oregon, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Washington Territory, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Idaho, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Montana, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Wyoming, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Dakota, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Minnesota, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Wisconsin, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Michigan, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Ohio, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Pennsylvania, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of New York, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Vermont, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of New Hampshire, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Maine, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Massachusetts, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Rhode Island, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Connecticut, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of New Jersey, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Delaware, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Maryland, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of West Virginia, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Pennsylvania, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of New York, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Vermont, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of New Hampshire, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Maine, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Massachusetts, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Rhode Island, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Connecticut, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of New Jersey, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Delaware, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Maryland, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of West Virginia.

THE DEFENDANTS

are all the companies controlled by the Central Pacific Railroad Company, and the suit is brought to recover $1,000,000 alleged to be due on a contract for the construction of the Alameda & San Leandro Railroad.

THE EDITION SOLD.

OAKLAND, July 8.—The Alameda County Bank has filed a suit against the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Company, the Central Pacific Railroad Company, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of California, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Arizona, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of New Mexico, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Texas, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Louisiana, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Mississippi, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Alabama, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Florida, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Georgia, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of South Carolina, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of North Carolina, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Virginia, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Tennessee, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Kentucky, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Missouri, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Kansas, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Indiana, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Illinois, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Iowa, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Nebraska, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Colorado, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Utah, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Nevada, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Oregon, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Washington Territory, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Idaho, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Montana, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Wyoming, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Dakota, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Minnesota, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Wisconsin, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Michigan, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Ohio, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Pennsylvania, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of New York, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Vermont, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of New Hampshire, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Maine, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Massachusetts, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Rhode Island, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Connecticut, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of New Jersey, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Delaware, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of Maryland, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of West Virginia.

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Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 30 years and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. The distinguished Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of this (Bazaar) that of all the preparations of the skin we recommend Gouraud's Cream as the least harmful and most effective. One bottle will last for months, using it every day. Also Gouraud's Oriental Powder (Poudre Subtile) removes superfluous hair without injury to the most delicate skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the United States and Europe. For sale by Dealers in Portland, Oregon. Beware of base imitations. A lady of rank writes: "For the benefit of your patients, I would say that I have used your Magical Beautifier with perfect success. Its effects are marvelous. Please send me two bottles by express." Yours truly, Mme. LEONARD. Ask for Gouraud's Oriental Cream, and take no other. Gouraud's Oriental Cream, and take no other. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Sole Proprietor, 37 Great Jones St., New York.

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